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- (2) The maximum percentage of equivalent crude protein from the non-protein nitrogen.
- (3) If the feed additive premix, feed additive concentrate, or feed additive supplement contains more than 2 percent equivalent crude protein from diammonium phosphate, adequate directions for use and a prominent statement, "Warning—This feed should be used only in accordance with directions furnished on the label."

§ 573.340 Diatomaceous earth.

- (a) *Identity*. The additive consists of siliceous skeletal material derived from various species of diatoms.
- (b) *Specifications*. The additive shall conform to the following specifications:

Lead, not more than 15 parts per million. Arsenic (as As), not more than 20 parts per million

Fluorine, not more than 600 parts per million.

(c) *Uses*. It is used or intended for use as an inert carrier or anticaking agent in animal feeds in an amount not to exceed 2 percent by weight of the total ration.

§ 573.360 Disodium EDTA.

The food additive disodium EDTA (disodium ethylenediaminetetraacetate) may be safely used in animal feeds, in accordance with the following prescribed conditions:

- (a) The food additive contains a minimum of 99 percent disodium ethylenediaminetetraacetate dihydrate $(C_{10}H_{14}O_8N_2Na_{,2}2H_2O)$.
- (b) It is used to solubilize trace minerals in aqueous solutions, which are then added to animal feeds.
- (c) It is used or intended for use in an amount not to exceed 240 parts per million of the additive in finished feed.
- (d) To assure safe use of the additive the label and labeling shall bear:
 - (1) The name of the additive; and
- (2) Adequate mixing directions to ensure that the chelated trace-mineral mix is uniformly blended throughout the feed.

§ 573.380 Ethoxyquin in animal feeds.

Ethoxyquin (1,2-dihydro-6-ethoxy-2,2,4-trimethylquinoline) may be safely used in animal feeds, when incor-

porated therein in accordance with the following prescribed conditions.

- (a) It is intended for use only: (1) As a chemical preservative for retarding oxidation of carotene, xanthophylls, and vitamins A and E in animal feed and fish food and, (2) as an aid in preventing the development of organic peroxides in canned pet food.
- (b) The maximum quantity of the additive permitted to be used and to remain in or on the treated article shall not exceed 150 parts per million.
- (c) To assure safe use of the additive, the label and labeling of the food additive container and that of any intermediate premixes prepared therefrom shall contain, in addition to other information required by the act:
- (1) The name of the additive, ethoxyquin.
- (2) A statement of the concentration or strength contained therein.
- (3) Adequate use directions to provide for a finished article with the proper concentration of the additive as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, whether or not intermediate premixes are to be used.
- (d) The label of any animal feed containing the additive shall, in addition to the other information required by the act, bear the statement "Ethoxyquin, a preservative" or "Ethoxyquin added to retard the oxidative destruction of carotene, xanthophylls, and vitamins A and E."

§ 573.400 Ethoxyquin in certain dehydrated forage crops.

Ethoxyquin (1,2-dihydro-6-ethoxy-2,2,4-trimethylquinoline) may be safely used in the dehydrated forage crops listed in paragraph (a) of this section when incorporated therein in accordance with the conditions prescribed in this section:

(a) It may be added to dehydrated forage prepared from:

Alfalfa Barley	Medicago sativa. Hordeum vulgare.
Clovers:	rioracam valgare.
Alsike clover	Trifolium hybridum.
Crimson clover	Trifolium incarnatum
Red clover	Trifolium pratense.
White clover (including La-	Trifolium repens.
dino).	
White sweetclover	Melilotus alba.
Yellow sweetclover	Melilotus officinalis.
Coastal Bermudagrass	Cynodon dactylon.
Corn	Zea mays.
Fescue	Festuca sp.